

Some Basic Concepts of Chemistry

★ $\text{Velocity} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{time}}$

★ $\text{Acceleration} = \frac{\text{Velocity}}{\text{time}}$

★ $1 \text{ amu} = 1.66056 \times 10^{-24} \text{ gram}$

★ $\text{density} = \frac{\text{Mass}}{\text{Volume}}$

★ $\text{Pressure} = \frac{\text{Force}}{\text{Area}}$

Atomic mass unit

★ Temperature $^{\circ}\text{F} = \frac{9}{5} (^{\circ}\text{C}) + 32$

$\text{K} = ^{\circ}\text{C} + 273.15$

$^{\circ}\text{F}$ = Farenheit
 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ = Celsius
 K = Kelvin

★ $\text{Number of grams of atoms} = \frac{\text{Weight (in grams)}}{\text{gram atomic mass}}$

X = Multiply

★ $\text{Molecular Mass (A}_x\text{B}_y\text{C}_z) = x \times [\text{Atomic mass of A}] + [\text{Atomic mass of B}] + y \times [\text{Atomic mass of C}]$

OR

★ $\text{Molecular Mass} = \frac{\text{Actual mass of a molecule of matter}}{\frac{1}{12} \times \text{mass of one } ^{12}\text{C atom}}$

★ $\text{Gram Molecular No.} = \frac{\text{Mass (in grams)}}{\text{Molecular weight}}$

★ $\text{Equivalent weight of the element} = \frac{\text{atomic weight of the element}}{\text{valency}}$

★ $\text{Equivalent weight of common salt} = \frac{\text{formula weight of salt}}{\text{total change on the cationic part}}$

★ $\text{Equivalent weight of acidic salt} = \frac{\text{formula weight of salt}}{\text{Displaceable H-atom present in salt}}$

★ $\text{Equivalent weight of acid} = \frac{\text{Molecular weight of acid}}{\text{No. of } \text{H}^+ \text{ ions in a molecule}}$

★ $\text{Equivalent weight of Base} = \frac{\text{Molecular weight of Base}}{\text{No. of } \text{OH}^- \text{ ions given by a molecule}}$

★ $\text{Gram Equivalent weight} = \frac{\text{Mass (in grams)}}{\text{Equivalent weight}}$

★ $\text{Molecular weight} = 2 \times \text{Vapour density}$

★ $A = E \times V$
 A = atomic weight
 E = Equivalent weight
 V = Valency

★ $n = \frac{\text{Molecular formula weight}}{\text{Empirical formula weight}}$

n = Integer (1, 2, 3, 4, ...)



🌟 formula mass of AB = Atomic mass of A + Atomic mass of B

🌟 Percentage composition = $\frac{\text{Mass of the element in the compound}}{\text{Molar mass of the compound}} \times 100$

🌟 Mass Percentage = $\frac{\text{Mass of solute}}{\text{Mass of solution}} \times 100$

🌟 Mole fraction $\text{Mole fraction of } A = \frac{\text{No. of moles of } A}{\text{No. of moles of solution}} = \frac{n_A}{n_A + n_B}$

$\text{Mole fraction of } B = \frac{\text{No. of moles of } B}{\text{No. of moles of solution}} = \frac{n_B}{n_A + n_B}$

The sum of the mole fractions of all the components of a solution is always the unit.

$n_A + n_B = 1$

🌟 No. of Moles = $\frac{\text{weight}}{\text{Molecular Mass}}$

🌟 Molarity (M) = $\frac{\text{No. of moles of solute}}{\text{Volume of solution in liters}}$

🌟 Molality (m) = $\frac{\text{No. of moles of solute}}{\text{Mass of solvent in kg}}$